

Chapter

1

# What An Amazing World :



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# ADJECTIVE

- Adjective is a word that describes or defines a noun or noun phrase.
- Adjective tells about:
  - Colours (e.g. grey sky, red eyes)
  - Sizes (e.g. a big tree, a large forest)
  - Qualities (an agile animal, strong arms)
  - Origins (e.g. Japanese people, Mexican hat)
  - Classifying adjectives (types/composition) (e.g. botanical gardens, a wooden chair)

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# FORMS OF ADJECTIVE

## 1. COMPARATIVE ADJECTIVE

- A comparative adjective is a form of an adjective used to compare two things.
- It shows the degree of a particular quality one has in relation the other.
- It is often used to highlight the differences or similarities between two nouns.
- Examples:
  - The cheetah is **faster** than the lion.
  - This book is **more interesting** interesting book I've ever read.

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# FORMS OF

## 2. SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVE **ADJECTIVE**

- A form of an adjective used to describe the highest degree of a particular quality in a group of three or more things
- It is used to express that something has the greatest or least amount of a certain quality among a set of items.
- Example:
  - The cheetah is **the fastest** land animal.
  - This is **the most interesting** book I've ever read.



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# ADJECTIVES IN COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE FORMS

| ADJECTIVES | COMPARATIVE | SUPERLATIVE |
|------------|-------------|-------------|
| cheap      | cheaper     | cheapest    |
| old        | older       | oldest      |
| clever     | slower      | slowest     |
| slow       | cleverer    | cleverest   |
| thick      | thicker     | thickest    |

# REPORT TEXT

- A report text is a text that gives information about something (animals, phenomena, plants, etc.)
- It starts from general information to details (for example: physical description, habitat, diet, and breeding systems)
- The subject of a report text is not specific but general



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# GENERIC STRUCTURE OF REPORT TEXT

## 1. TITLE

- Title tells the reader what the informative report is about.

## 2. GENERAL STATEMENT/IDENTIFICATION

- General statement classifies and names the classes or parts of described things.
- It anticipates the content of the description stage.

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# GENERIC STRUCTURE OF REPORT TEXT

## 3. DESCRIPTION

- It may contain several paragraphs.
- It is divided into a number of sub-sections which describes a particular component.
- Each sub-section paragraph begins with a topic sentence about the paragraph's focus.
- The order of the presented information tends to reflect the relative importance of each (for example: the most important information tends to be de

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# ADVERB

- Adverb is a word or an expression that generally modifies a verb, adjective, another adverb, determiner, clause, preposition, or sentence.
- Adverb can be used to show manner (how something happens), degree (to what extent), place (where), and time (when)

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# FORMS OF ADVERB

- Adverb has a comparative and superlative forms.
- The forms is used for comparing the way people/animals do things.
- “**More**” is used to make the comparative forms of an adverb, while “**most**” is used to make the superlative form.
- Examples:
  - The wolf runs **swiftly**.
  - The wolf runs **more swiftly**.
  - The wolf runs **the most swiftly**.



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# PASSIVE VOICE

- Passive voice is used to emphasize the action (the verb) and the object of a sentence rather than subject.

| TENSE  | ACTIVE                              | PASSIVE   |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Simple Present</b><br>am/are/is + V3                        | Students often borrow library books | The library books are often borrowed by students. |
| <b>Present Continuous</b><br>am/are/is + being + V3            | Hunters are killing orangutans.     | Orangutans are being killed by hunters.           |
| <b>Present Perfect</b><br>has/have + been + V3                 | Phillip Cocu has scored five goals. | Five goals have been scored by Phillip Cocu.      |
| <b>Simple Future (with Modals)</b><br>will/shall/can/must + V3 | The nurse will look after him.      | He will be looked after by the nurse              |